



6th Genodermatoses in Mediterranean working session 1st TAG meeting

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A Portuguese referral centre for genodermatoses

- Multidisciplinary genodermatoses outpatient clinic on a weekly basis
- Team:
 - M. Marques Gomes (Director of the Dermatology Department),
President of the Portuguese Society of Dermatology)
 - Carolina Gouveia (Pediatric Society of Dermatology)
 - Isabel Cordeiro (Director of the Genetic Department)
 - Ana Berta Sousa (Clinical Geneticist)
 - Juliette Dupont (Genetic Resident)
 - L. Soares de Almeida (Dermopathology)
 - Marisa André (Dermatology Resident)

1. The Portuguese situation: Lisbon

Disease	Number of patients
Epidermolysis Bullosa	3
Severe ichthyosis	9
Palmoplantar keratoderma	6
Neurofibromatosis	225
Others	66
Ectodermal dysplasia	8
Incontinentia pigmenti	10
Oculocutaneous albinism	6
Cutis laxa	4
Bloom syndrome	1
Tuberous sclerosis	31
Piedbaldism	4
Werner syndrome-Progeria <i>like</i>	2

1. The Portuguese situation: Oporto

Disease	Number of patients
Epidermolysis Bullosa	10
Severe ichthyosis	4
Palmoplantar keratoderma	1
Neurofibromatosis	1
Others	8
Ectodermal dysplasia	5
Progeria	1
LEOPARD syndrome	1
Piebaldism	1

2. Assessment of needs and costs of the diseases

- Insufficient governmental social support:

Genodermatoses are considered rare chronic disorders and, as such, patients have special rights, which are clearly insufficient

- Free health care in public health facilities
- Extra financial support (+ 50% of per child subsidy) until the age of 18
- 12th November of 2008: approvement of the *National Programme for Rare Diseases*

2. Assessment of needs and costs of the diseases

- Genetics department project: *“meet the best needs of the NF1 population”*
 - clinical evaluation
 - psychological evaluation
 - educational evaluation
 - social environment of the patients and families
 - evaluation of the needs of NF1 patients

2. Assessment of needs and costs of the diseases

Difficulty at collecting data from the cases of the entire territory:

- Until now, it has not been possible to accurately assess these items
- It's imperative to accomplish the task of collecting all the existing portuguese cases

3. Development of centers of expertise

We have created a genodermatosis outpatient clinic, but we haven't received significant number/relevant cases

4. Development of patient associations

- Portuguese Neurofibromatosis Association (APNF)
- RARÍSSIMAS (Association of rare diseases)
- Portuguese Epidermolysis Bullosa Association
 - almost inactive at present
 - collaboration with spanish colleagues, nurses, patients and families in order to get specific training (portuguese DEBRA?)

5. Strategies of the management of genodermatosis

Different sensibilization level:

- medical students
- health care workers
- mass media awareness
- clarifying sessions at school's
- active participation and spreading of our activities in General Practicioners, Pediatrics, Dermatologists and Genetics meetings and their journals

6. Development of a national network

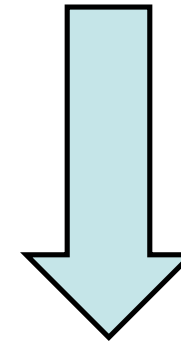
- We have realized that we had to organize a national network in order to reach all the existing cases
- All the dermatologists, general practitioners, geneticists and pediatricians, with public and/or private practice will be asked to refer the patients with one of the 6 disease groups to the genetic outpatient clinic of their respective geographic area

6. Development of a national network



North of Portugal: Oporto

Centre of Portugal: Coimbra



South of Portugal, Madeira and Azores : Lisbon

Centre of expertise for the 6 groups of diseases

7. Collaboration on an european level

- organize an European epidemiological database
- International cooperation and interaction
- improvement of diagnosis
 - cooperation with genetic diseases referral centers: molecular genetics diagnosis, electronic microscopy, specific biochemical assays, immunologic studies...
- to improve treatment, providing a multidisciplinary team approach

8. National program for rare diseases

MILES TO GO....:

- ... to know the real national epidemiological data of these diseases
- ...to involve specific trained nurse, social worker and psychologist in the management of these diseases
- ...to provide information/formation for parents/family members about management and prevention
- ... to assess the needs of the patients and their family
- ... development of associations of patients